

# ELMACON Prep #2: Geometry

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SFU

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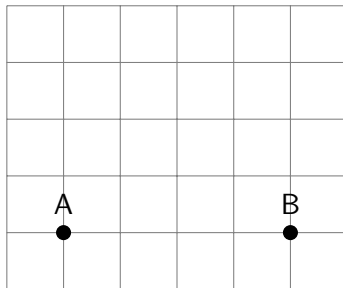
# Geometry

## **Geometry:** “Earth measure”

- ▶ Measuring
- ▶ Shapes
  - ▶
  - ▶
  - ▶
- ▶ Size
  - ▶
  - ▶
  - ▶

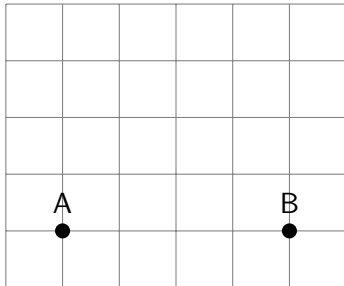
# Distance

How far apart are points A and B?



# Distance

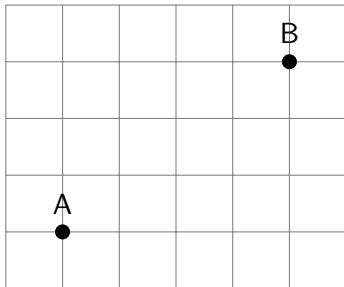
1. How far apart are points A and B?



The measure of the side of each of the small squares is 1 cm.

# Distance

2. How far apart are points A and B?



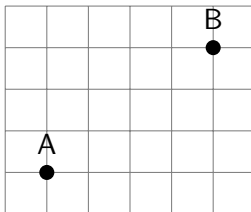
The measure of the side of each of the small squares is 1 unit.

# The distance formula

The distance between two points is found by:

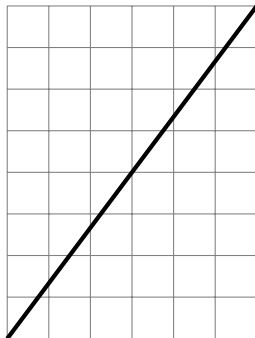
$$\sqrt{(\text{horizontal distance})^2 + (\text{vertical distance})^2}$$

**Example.**



## Example.

3. The measure of the side of each of the small squares is 1 unit.

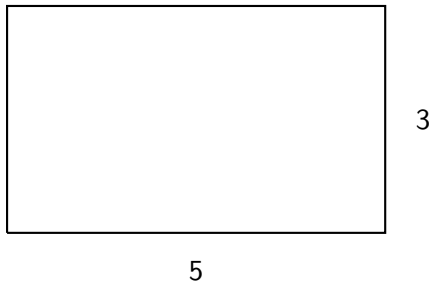


What is the measure of the bold line?

# Perimeter

**Perimeter:** the distance around a shape.

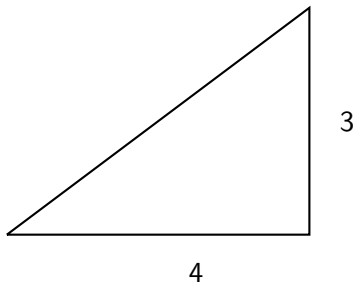
4. **Example.** What is the perimeter of the following rectangle?





# Perimeter

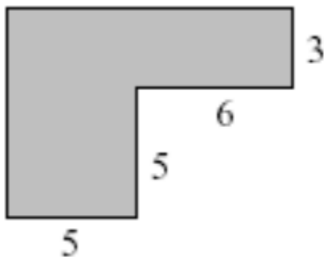
5. **Example.** What is the perimeter of the following triangle?



(angles that look like right angles are right angles)

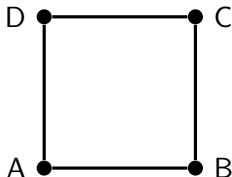
# Perimeter

6. **Practice** All angles of the shape below are right angles. What is the perimeter of the shape?



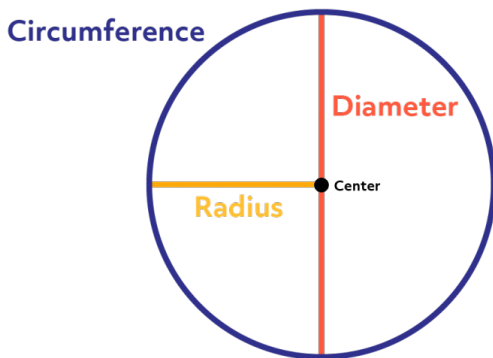
# Perimeter

7. **Practice** The perimeter of the square  $ABCD$  is 36.



What is one side length of the square?

# Circles



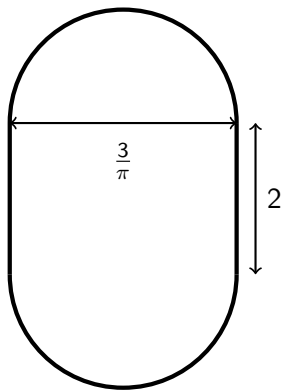
$$\pi =$$

# Circles

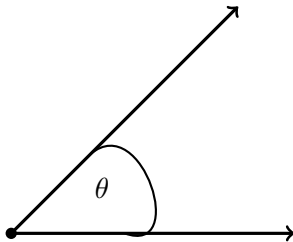
8. **Example.** The radius of a circle is  $\frac{18}{\pi}$ . What is the circumference of the circle?

# Circles

9. **Practice.** Determine the perimeter of the following figure.



# Angles



**Big Important Agreed Upon Definition:** For historical reasons, the angle measured between a ray and itself (all the way around) is  $360^\circ$  ('degrees').

$$\theta = 360^\circ \odot \rightarrow$$



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$$\theta = 360^\circ$$
A diagram showing a full rotation. It consists of a central black dot, a circle centered on the dot, and a horizontal ray pointing to the right from the dot.

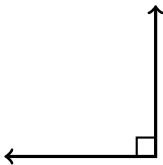
**Question:** How many degrees make up a 'straight' angle?



**Big Important Agreed Upon Definition:** For historical reasons, the angle measured between a ray and itself (all the way around) is  $360^\circ$  ('degrees').

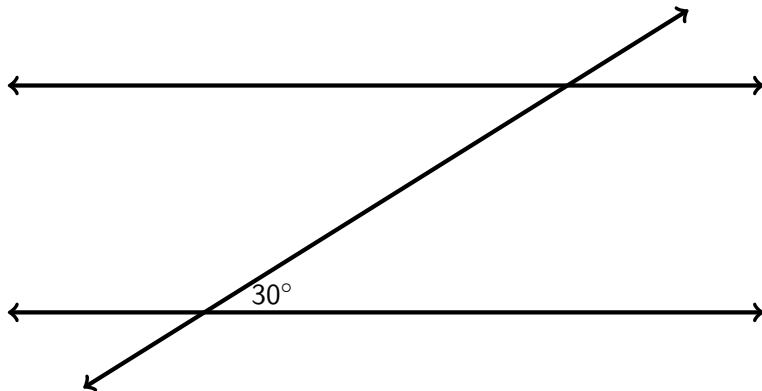
$$\theta = 360^\circ \odot \rightarrow$$

**Question:** How many degrees make up a **right** angle?



# Angles

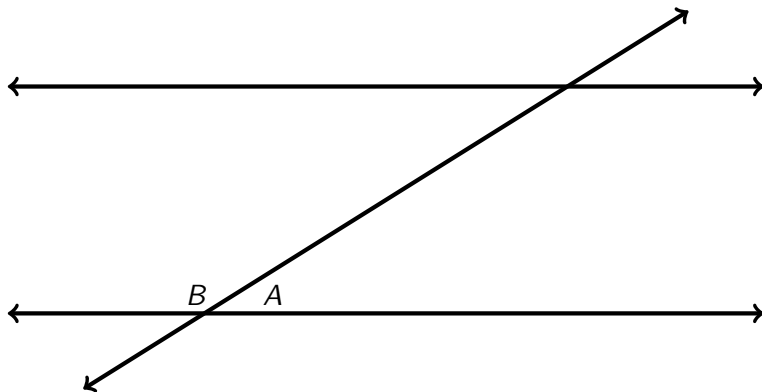
10a. The two lines that look parallel are parallel.



What other angles can we determine in this diagram?

# Angles

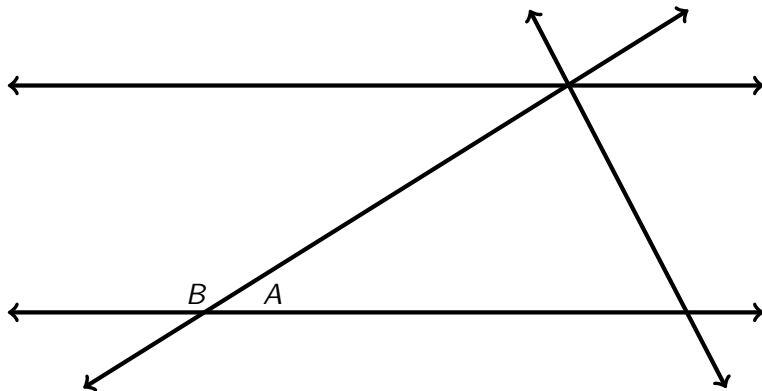
10b. The two lines that look parallel are parallel.



What other angles can we determine in this diagram?

# Angles

10c. The two lines that look parallel are parallel.



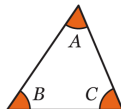
What other angles can we determine in this diagram?

# Angles in triangles

**Big important take-away:** the angles in ANY triangle add up to  $180^\circ$  - *always!*

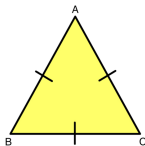
# Angles

11. **Example.** In triangle ABC (not to scale) angle  $A$  is  $30^\circ$  and angle  $B$  is  $70^\circ$ . What is angle  $C$ ?



## Special triangles

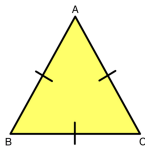
**Equilateral triangle:** A triangle where all three sides are the same length and all three angles are equal.



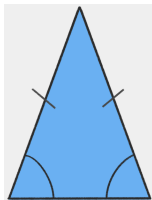


# Special triangles

**Equilateral triangle:** A triangle where all three sides are the same length and all three angles are equal.

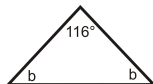


**Isosceles triangle:** A triangle where at least two sides are the same length.

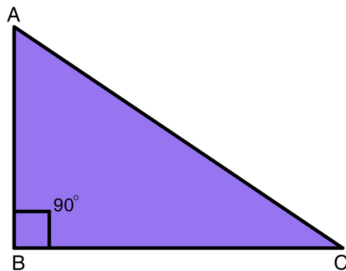


## Special triangles

12. **Example.** Determine the missing angles:

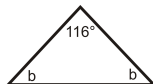


**Right triangle:** A triangle with one right angle.

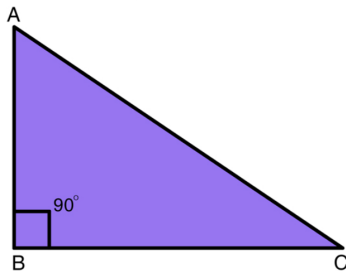


## Special triangles

12. **Example.** Determine the missing angles:

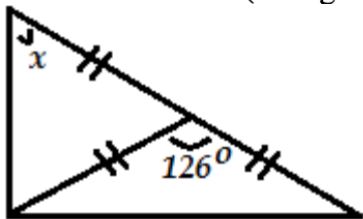


**Right triangle:** A triangle with one right angle.



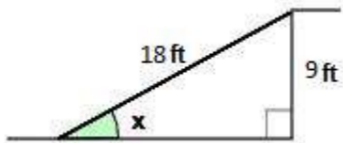
13. **Example.**

The right triangle below consists of 2 isosceles triangles.  
What is the value (in degrees) of the angle  $x$ ?



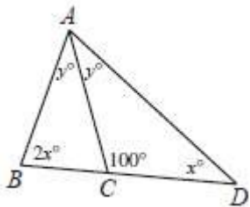
14. **Example.**

What is the value (in degrees) of the angle marked by the letter  $x$ ?



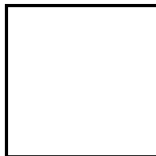
15. **Practice.**

$x$  and  $y$  are measures of angles in  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle ACD$  as shown below (the figure is not drawn to scale). What is the value of  $x$  (in degrees)?



# Angles in other shapes

- ▶ What are the angles in a square? Their sum?

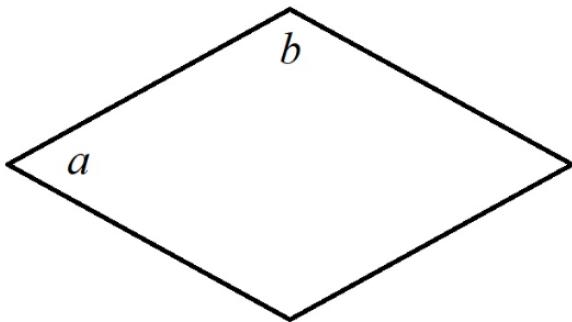


- ▶ What are the angles in a rectangle? Their sum?



## Angles in other shapes

16. **Example.** Suppose the interior angle  $a$  of the rhombus shown below measures  $32^\circ$ . What is the measure of the angle  $b$  in degrees?





## Angles in other shapes

What is the sum of the angles of *any* four sided polygon?

## Angles in other shapes

What is the sum of the angles of *any* five sided polygon?

## Angles in other shapes

What is the sum of the angles of *any* six sided polygon?

# Comparing shapes

**Congruent:** two shapes are *congruent* if they are identical. Same shape and sizes!

- ▶ Angles are the same
- ▶ Distances/measurements are the same

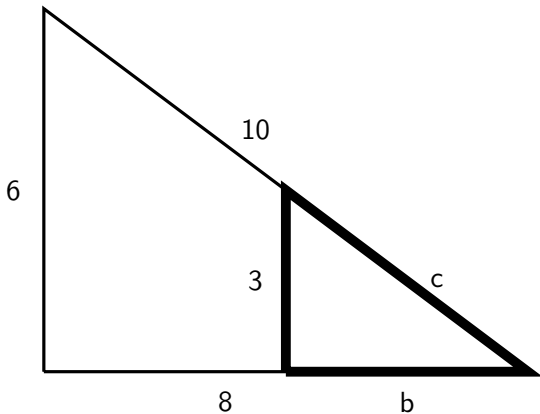
**Similar:** two shapes are *similar* if they have the same shape, but not necessarily the same size.

- ▶ Angles are the same
- ▶ Distances can vary by scaling (**ratios** between distances remain the same)

Example of similar shapes:

- ▶
- ▶

17. **Example.** Determine the missing side lengths  $a$  and  $c$ .



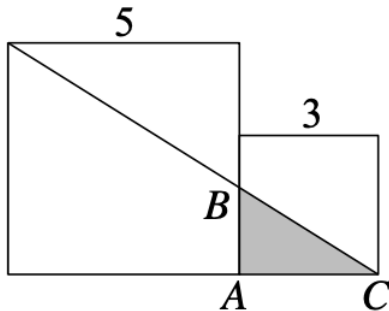
18. Practice.

In the picture below, the larger square has side 5, and the smaller square has side 3.

What is the length of  $AB$  ?

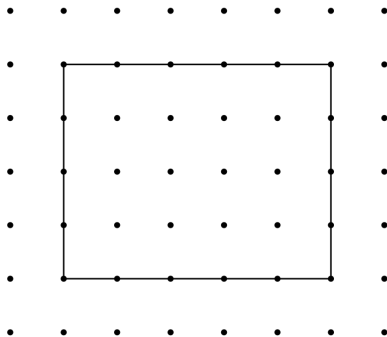
Express your answer as a common fraction.

(Hint: Some triangles are similar.)



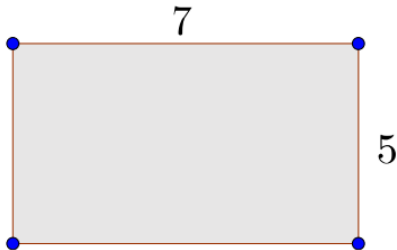
# Area

...Another way to answer “how big is this shape?”



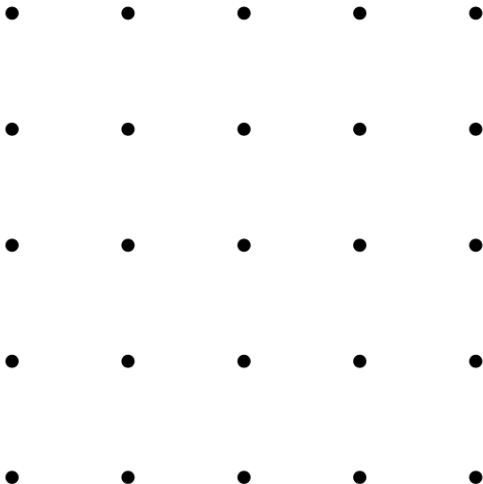
19. **Example.**

What is the area of a rectangle with sides 5 and 7?

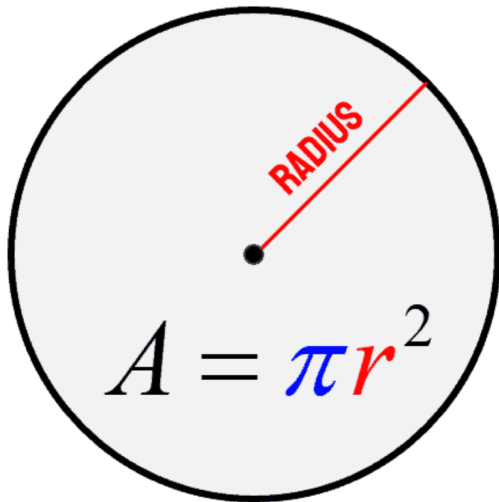




## Area: Triangles



## Area: circles



# Practice

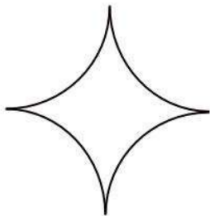
20. What is the circumference of a circle with area  $\frac{144}{\pi}$ ?

## Practice

21.

The figure below consists of 4 quarter circles of radius 2.

What area is enclosed in the figure rounded to the nearest whole number?



# Practice

22.

